

### Quiz #4: Electric Potential

**Problem 1** (2 points)

Two conducting spheres, one having twice the diameter of the other, are separated by a distance large compared to their diameters. The smaller sphere (1) has charge  $q$  and the larger sphere (2) is uncharged.

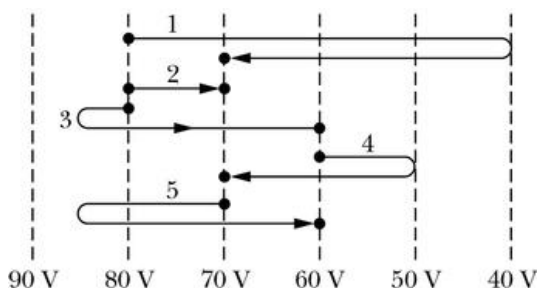


After the spheres are connected by a long thin conducting wire:

- a) sphere 2 has twice the potential as sphere 1.
- b) sphere 2 has half the potential as sphere 1.
- c) sphere 2 has twice the charge as sphere 1.
- d) spheres 1 and 2 have the same charge.
- e) none of the above

**Problem 2** (3 points)

The figure shows a family of parallel equipotential surfaces (in cross section) and five paths along which we shall move an electron from one surface to another.



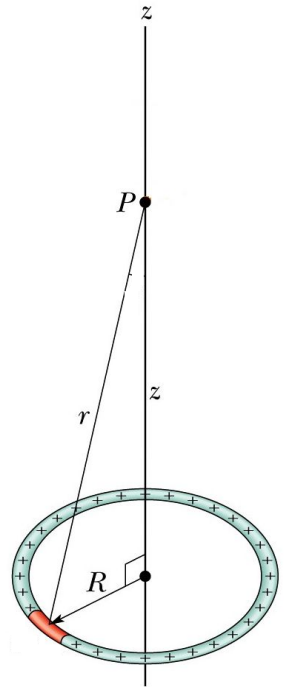
- a) For which of the paths is the change in potential energy of the electron positive?
- b) For which of the five paths is the work done by the electric field the greatest.
- c) For which of the five paths is the work done by the electric field the least.

**Problem 3** (5 points)

(a) Derive an expression for the electric potential at point P, which is a distance  $z$  above the center of a uniformly charged ring of charge  $Q$ .

Express your answer in terms of  $z$ ,  $R$  (the radius of the ring), and  $Q$  (the total charge on the ring).

Note: you must show all steps.



(b) From the above result, derive an expression for the electric field magnitude  $E$  a distance  $z$  above the center of the ring.

Note: you must show all steps.